- A. Understood.
- Q. If at any point and time I ask a bad question or you don't understand what I'm asking, it's inevitable that that's going to happen, please just let me know if you need me to rephrase or clarify, whatever it may be, just let me know, okay?
- A. I will.
- Q. If you do answer the question, we'll assume that you understood the question, fair enough?
 - A. That's fair.
- Q. Okay. And if at any stage you want to take a break, that's fine. There's no problem with that. Just let us know. The only exception would be if there's a pending question, I ask that you answer the question before we take a break, okay?
 - A. Okay.
- Q. And of course, as we proceed today, it is possible that some of the lawyers in attendance may object to my question or if others then question you, I may object to theirs. If that happens, please allow the objection to be spoken, and then go ahead and answer unless someone instructs you not to, okay?
 - A. Understood.
- Q. Okay. Are you experiencing any circumstances that may affect your memory or your ability to testify

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- truthfully and accurately today?
- 2 A. No.
 - Q. What is your current employment, if any, with the City of Cleveland?
- A. I am retired from employment with the City of Cleveland.
 - Q. Are you currently employed elsewhere?
- 8 A. I am not.
 - Q. When did you retire from the City of Cleveland?
- 10 A. I officially retired January 2, 2022.
- Q. And what was your title at the time you retired?
- A. I was an executive assistant to then Mayor Frank
 G. Jackson.
 - Q. And when did you begin working for the City of Cleveland?
 - A. 50 years ago today, January 16, 1973.
 - Q. Okay. And can you please walk me through the history of your employment with the City of Cleveland, starting from that time?
 - A. I can. I actually began my career even before

 January 16th of 1973, when I studied for a civil service

 exam. I took the background check, psychological check,

 physical examination, and a polygraph examination for

 employment with the City of Cleveland. But my official

 first day of work actually began through Cleveland

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Police Academy in January 16, 1973.

Upon graduation from the police academy, I had a number of jobs in escalating levels of responsibilities through my career. I served in the Vice Enforcement Unit, the Accident Investigation Unit, basic patrol at the 4th District, 5th Police Districts. I served as a Sergeant in basic patrol activities, a Sergeant in Detective Bureau, and as a Lieutenant, I was the officer in charge of the Airport Unit, the Harbor Unit, the Narcotics Unit. I served again as Executive Assistant to then Chief Howard Rudolf. And when he retired in December of 1989, I stayed in that role and served as a Executive Assistant to incoming Police Chief Edward Kovacic until the fall of 1991. And in the fall of 1991, I was assigned to the Homicide Investigation Unit as the officer in charge.

In 1992, I was assigned as Commander of the downtown police district. 1995, Commander of the Bureau of Community Policing. 1996, as the deputy Chief of Field Operations, where I had executive oversight of all of the police districts and the Bureau of Traffic and Communication. And in 1999, I was appointed Chief of Police until my retirement on August 26, 2001.

Following my retirement from the Division of Police, I was employed as, with the City of Cleveland,

as the Security Manager and Airport Security Coordinator at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport until January of 2006.

In January of 2006, incoming Mayor Frank G.

Jackson asked me to return to City Hall as Director of

Public Safety. I stayed in that job until February of

2014. In February of 2014, I joined the mayor staff as
a executive assistant on his staff.

I retired a second time in 2018, and was rehired by the City as a contract employment to work on some projects that the mayor wanted completed, specifically to transfer a jail operations from the City to Cuyahoga County and the sale of the headquarters building from the City to Cuyahoga County.

In September of 2019, I was reemployed by the City on a part-time basis, between September of 2018 until I retired in January of 2022. I was a part-time employed, again, working on the mayor's staff, as a executive assistant to the mayor.

And on January 2nd of 2022, I retired for the third and final time.

Q. A long and dedicated career to the City of Cleveland you've got there.

You mentioned that you were a sergeant in the Detective Bureau, when was that?

```
1
                So, Jasmin, this would be the Detective
2
    Manual 1970, if you want to pull that, and hand it to
3
    Mr. Flask, please.
4
                MS. ALBINO:
                              Yes.
5
                              And I am putting this on the
                MS. GREENE:
6
    screen now. So when you have that on hand, let me know.
7
                MR. CALDERONE:
                                 Is this going to be Exhibit
8
    24?
9
                MS. GREENE:
                              It will be, once we have it
10
    handy to mark, yes.
11
12
                 (Thereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 24 was
13
                marked for purposes of identification.)
14
15
                MS. BOOP:
                            I'm sorry. One moment.
                                                      Can I
16
    take a look at this real quick?
17
           Looks like you have now what we now marked as
18
    Exhibit 24 in front of you, Mr. Flask --
19
                MS. BOOP:
                            Hang on, one second.
                                                   We're
20
    flipping through it.
21
                MR. CALDERONE: Can I examine that exhibit
22
    also.
23
                MS. GREENE:
                              Yes.
24
                MR. CALDERONE: This is part of a different
25
    exhibit.
```

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1
                              And for the record --
                 MS. GREENE:
2
                 MR. CALDERONE:
                                 We're just getting the
3
    exhibit prepared for you.
4
                              That's fine.
                 MS. GREENE:
                                             I'm just going
5
    to --
6
                 MS. BOOP:
                            There was extra pages at the end
7
    of it that looked like part of a different exhibit.
8
                              Thank you.
                 MS. GREENE:
                                           Okay.
                                                  So for the
9
    record, this is Bates stamped SUPP PROD, as in
10
    Supplemental Production, 000218 through 291.
11
       Q.
           And, Mr. Flask, do you recognize this document?
12
       Α.
           Yes, I do.
13
           Is this one of the manuals that you reviewed?
       Q.
14
       Α.
           Yes, it is.
15
                 Now is there a second detective's manual
           Okay.
       0.
16
    of some type, that you also reviewed?
17
       Α.
           Yes, there is.
                            There's a Manual of Rules.
18
    Appeared to have been a hardbound Manual of Rules that
19
    was specifically identified and issued to the detectives
20
    as the Division of Police. It was called the Manual of
21
    Rules.
22
                 Would that have been -- well, let me just
       Q.
23
    -- was this the manual --
24
                 MS. GREENE:
                              I quess it's a question to
25
              Maybe you can confirm this just for the ease
```

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1
    of speeding this along.
2
                MS. BOOP:
                            Sure.
3
                MS. GREENE:
                              Is that what has been marked as
    Exhibit 1?
4
5
                MS. BOOP:
                            Exhibit 1 to what?
                                                 I'm sorry.
6
                              Plaintiff's Exhibit 1.
                MS. GREENE:
7
    put it on the screen now.
8
9
                 (Thereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 1 was
10
                introduced for purposes of identification.)
11
12
                MS. GREENE:
                              But it was previously marked as
13
    Exhibit 1.
                Is that Manual of Rules --
14
                MS. BOOP:
                            I think we are talking about,
15
    yeah, that Manual of Rules. It's a booklet.
16
                            Jacqueline, they would have Bates
                MR. PUIN:
17
    numbers MAN, not CLE. It should have MAN Bates numbers.
18
                If you scroll down, the CLE I don't think
19
    are correct. There's a more complete version of that,
20
    that we produced on Saturday, February 4th. I can
21
    e-mail it to you again right now if you want.
22
                MS. GREENE:
                              So there's a different version
23
    of this document, Exhibit 1, that you think was
24
    produced.
25
                            It's the same document, but it
                MR. PUIN:
```

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1
                            I'll print it right now.
                 MR. PUIN:
2
                              Yeah.
                                     And I'll make sure I
                 MS. GREENE:
3
    have the electronic version.
4
                            I'll send it to you, also,
                 MR. PUIN:
5
    Jacqueline.
                  I know that Sarah has it, but since it's on
6
    my screen, I'll send it right now.
7
                 MS. GREENE:
                              Thanks, so much, Tim.
8
                 All right. Off the record.
9
    everybody.
10
                 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 11:10.
11
12
                 (Off the record.)
13
14
                 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Back on the record at
    11:14.
15
16
    BY MS. GREENE:
17
           Mr. Flask, I believe that you have been handed
18
    another document, which we will mark as Exhibit 25.
19
20
                 (Thereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 25 was
21
                 marked for purposes of identification.)
22
23
                 MS. BOOP: Can we identify it by Bates
24
    numbers?
25
                 MS. GREENE:
                              Yes.
                                    As soon as I get it open.
```

```
1
                       So this document appears to be
2
    stamped Manual 001 through Manual 074, and we're going
3
    to mark this as Exhibit 25.
4
           Mr. Flask, do you recognize this document?
       0.
5
                       There's actually two documents within
           Yes, I do.
6
    this exhibit.
                   There's actually a Manual of Rules,
7
    specifically for the Division of Police detectives.
8
    there's also a second document that's included within
9
           It's the Rules of the Conduct of Discipline For
10
    All Members of the Cleveland Division of Police.
11
    there's actually two specific -- two separate documents
12
    within this exhibit.
13
                MS. BOOP: Do you want me to identify that
14
    Bates number for you, Jacquie?
15
                MS. GREENE: Yeah, please. If I can find
16
    it.
17
                MR. PUIN:
                           It's at the top.
18
                MS. BOOP:
                            I can't read it.
19
                MR. PUIN:
                           Manual --
20
                MS. BOOP:
                           Starting on Manual 035 as the
21
    second manual.
22
                MS. GREENE:
                              Okay. My technology is acting
23
    up at the moment. So I'm going to have to come back to
24
    this document a little later in deposition. But for
25
    now, we'll mark this as Exhibit 25.
```

```
1
           Mr. Flask, this is the second manual that you
2
    referenced, regarding detectives, that you reviewed in
3
    preparation for this deposition, correct?
4
                MS. BOOP:
                           Objection.
5
                You can answer.
6
                  Just to be clear, this is -- the Manual of
       Α.
7
    Rules is, in fact, one of the three documents that I
8
               The rules of conduct, which are at the back,
    reviewed.
9
    starting at whatever page this is, is really a third
10
    document, a separate and standalone document.
11
                             All right. Well, then I would
                MS. GREENE:
12
    like to mark those separately. I don't know.
13
                Let's say then the sticker is already on the
14
    Manual of Rules, which starts at Manual 001 and goes
15
    through 0034, correct?
16
                MS. BOOP: Yeah. I think Tim wants to
17
    explain something here.
18
                MR. PUIN:
                           This is Tim Puin, City of
19
    Cleveland.
                The cover page, as you can see from the
20
    Xerox, is -- that's a leather book.
                                          And it is a binder,
21
    a six-ring binder. And the Manual of Rules that's on
22
    the title page of this, of the book, on the cover, may
23
    refer to the Rules of Conduct and Discipline, which
24
    begins on page Bates number Manual 35. But included
25
    within the copy that was found in the City's archive,
```

1 was also the Detective Procedure Manual, which is Manual 2 2 through 34. 3 And so whoever the -- there's a signature of 4 a police officer on three pages. That officer put --5 must have been a detective. And he put the Detective 6 Manual in with the Manual of Rules. So those were all 7 produced as one because that's the exact form they were 8 found in the City. But as the witness said, those are 9 actually two separate documents that the witness put 10 together in a six-ring binder. Thank you. 11 MS. GREENE: Okay. So then we'll leave it 12 as one exhibit, and note that this is the Manual of 13 And if you could -- I'm having trouble getting 14 this file open on my side in a way that it's working. 15 It's part of the struggle we are having here. 16 MS. BOOP: I put it back together. 17 MS. GREENE: Thanks. 18 So the Cleveland Police Department Detective Q. 19 Bureau Procedure Manual and the Manual of Rules are in a 20 combined Exhibit 25 in this version that was obtained 21 from, as Mr. Puin states, the City archives, correct? 22 MR. PUIN: Correct. 23 And you reviewed both the documents 24 contained in this Exhibit 25, correct, Mr. Flask? 25 Α. I did.

Q. Okay. Thank you. So we will come back to this later. In the mean time, I would like to show you -- well, actually, you know what? Before we go on to some more documents, let me ask you about a couple things that you discussed before.

You mentioned that you directed an investigation concerning allegations of racism in the department when you were discussing Commander James Muhic, correct?

MS. BOOP: Let me note an objection to the line of questioning. If I could have a standing objection, so I don't keep interrupting, to any line of questioning regarding the 1999 allegation, insofar as it doesn't fall within the designated topics.

In with that objection, please go ahead and answer.

MR. CALDERONE: Also note an objection to the form of the question.

MS. GREENE: Go ahead, Mr. Flask.

A. I did, in fact, have a conversation with Retired Commissioner James Muhic regarding that 1999 investigation. There was some information that came to light during my tenure as chief of police that alleged there was organized racial groups operating within the Cleveland Division of Police, including Ku Klux Klan members. And it was very public allegation.

- Police. And, of course, there was the training that was provided to the officers that was included within -- was training directly -- required the officers to comply with.
- Q. Did you review the deposition of Edward Tomba in preparation for your deposition today?
 - A. I did.
- Q. For the matters of Jackson versus City of Cleveland and Ajamu/Bridgeman, versus City of Cleveland?
- A. I did review Retired Deputy Chief's Tomba's deposition. But I was not familiar with the cases that he was specifically questioned about during the deposition.
- Q. Okay. So getting back to the written sources of policies in 1970s and that decade, '70 to '80. You mentioned GPOs, you mentioned departmental notices, and the Manual of Rules. Was there anything else that would have constituted a written policy at the department at that time?
- A. Well, certainly, there was information and requirements set forth in the Ohio Revised Code, the ordinances of the City of Cleveland, the Civil Service rules for the City of Cleveland. There was three additional sources of policies and written guidance or direction given to the officers within the Division of

1 Police.

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- Q. Okay. Anything else?
- A. Nothing that I can recall right now. No.
 - Q. Was there a Homicide Unit manual in the 70s?
- A. There was a Detective Bureau manual that provided direction to the Homicide Unit investigators that was issued some time in 1970. I think summer of 1970.
 - Q. Okay. So there wasn't a manual specific to the Homicide Unit though, was there?
 - A. Not that I'm aware.
 - Q. Now you mentioned Detective Bureau manual. That applied to all detectives, including those in the Homicide Unit; is that right?
- 14 A. Yes, it did.
 - Q. And are you referencing, when you talk about that manual that we previously marked as Exhibit 24?
- 17 A. 24 and 25.
- Q. So those are two separate manuals, correct?
- 19 A. That's correct.
 - Q. Okay. Beyond -- and well, and those two manuals in Exhibit 24 and the portion of Exhibit 25 that pertains to detectives, specifically, those also constitute policies of the department, correct?
- 24 A. That's correct.
 - Q. Are there any other manuals or collections of

```
1
    rules or orders that constituted policies in the
2
    department in the 70s?
3
       Α.
           That which I had referred to previously.
                                                       It was
4
    rules of conduct for officers and members,
 5
    specifically --
6
       Q.
           Okay.
 7
           -- rules of conduct and discipline for the
       Α.
8
    officers, members, and employees of the Cleveland
9
    Division of Police Department of Public Safety.
10
       0.
           And that Manual of Rules is contained in Exhibit
11
    25 and in Exhibit 1, correct?
12
                MS. BOOP:
                            Objection.
                                        I'm sorry, which --
13
    you are referring to Exhibit 1?
14
                              Yeah. You know what?
                MS. GREENE:
                                                     Maybe I
15
    -- have I shown that to you guys yet?
16
                                 You haven't marked it as an
                MS. BOOP:
                            No.
17
    exhibit.
18
                MS. GREENE:
                              All right. Well, it is marked
19
    in a prior deposition.
20
                MS. BOOP: Okay.
21
                              I'll share it with you.
                MS. GREENE:
22
    believe this is what we were looking at on the screen
23
    earlier, when we determined that another version of this
24
    had been produced in this litigation.
25
                So what I've placed on the screen for you
```

occurred.

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the manual?

A. I'm not aware of any specific testing that
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- Q. Okay. Okay. I'd like for you to turn to Rule 1, which in my electronic copy is on page 43 of this document. I cannot read the stamp there. It's manual 43.
- MS. BOOP: Do you see these little notations? That's what page numbers she's referring to by Manual.
- You're on Manual 43?
- MS. GREENE: Yes.
- 13 A. I have it in front of me.
 - Q. Okay. And so as you look at Rule 1, Obedience to Rules, it states that, "All officers, members, and employees of the Division of Police shall familiarize themselves with the rules and shall obey them," correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. How did the City enforce this?
- MS. BOOP: Are you talking about the time
 period subject to the notice, or are you talking about
 now?
- MS. GREENE: Talking about the time period subject to the notice.
- MS. BOOP: Thank you.

A. Officers who do not comply with the rules set forth in the manual are subject to disciplinary charges being referred against them. If found guilty, being disciplined. Officers had the responsible to familiarize themselves with all of the rules and shall obey them. And those officers that did not comply, that was brought to their attention through a supervisor oversight, citizens complaints, information from the prosecutor, or another officer that resulted in an investigation, would subject them to potential disciplinary action.

- Q. And so what were the mechanisms in place to monitor officers compliance with the rules?
- A. Well, that's the rule of the officers immediate supervisor, officer in charge, commanding officers, at that time the deputy inspectors and inspectors and chief of police.

Information did come forward as a result of citizen complaints, observations, or a supervisor identifying a failure. Those facts would be documented and presented to an organizational chain of command, ultimately to the chief who would initiate disciplinary action to the individual officer who broke one of the rules contained within this manual.

Q. And so if any one of those individuals from the

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- direct supervisor on up became aware of a rule violation of an officers, those processes that you just described were supposed to be initiated, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. I would like you to turn to Rule 14, which in this version of the manual -- in this version of the manual is on page 48.
 - A. Okay.
- And I would like you to look at section 2 of that 0. rule, which states that, "The officer in charge shall cause statements to be taken from persons brought to the unit in the course of criminal investigations and shall see that such statements are properly filed and These statements shall be available only to preserved. the officers and members of the Division of Police who are interested in the presentation of a particular case to the office of the county prosecutor or the Law Department of the City of Cleveland. Under no circumstances shall they be given or exhibited to any other person without the written consent of the chief of police."
 - Do you see that?
- 23 | A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. Manual 48 to 49. So this aspect of the rule, of Rule 14, applies to persons brought to the Statement

officers who worked in an office duty capacity, were also required to complete a daily duty report that articulated -- not articulated, but documented where they were, what they did, report numbers, contact information. It outlined from the beginning of their tour of duty to the end of the day when they went home what their duties -- the duties that they actually performed. That --

- Q. The daily duty report --
- A. -- was called the daily duty report. That was required to be completed by all officers except those that were assigned to office duties.
- Q. And a detective who was out on the street investigating the a case would not be considered someone assigned office duties, right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And those daily duty reports were recorded on Form 1s, correct?
- A. No. A specific document. Form 1 was a report that conveyed information. There was supplemental reports. But the daily duty reports was completed by all officers within the Division of Police, whether they were patrol or detective function that outlined their duties and responsibilities and what they did during the course of the day. And it was submitted at the end of

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1 | their tour of duty to the supervisor.

- Q. Was there a specific form that was used for that purpose, the daily duty report?
 - A. In the 70s, it was called the daily duty report.
- Q. There was a form, a standard form, that said
 Daily Duty Report that the officers filled out in the
 70s?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. For that daily duty report, were those added to case files?
- A. No.
 - Q. Where were they -- well, tell me from the point in time that the officer wrote the daily duty report, can you describe to me in the 1970s what happened next?
 - A. They submitted the daily duty report to a supervisory officer who would review it. If that supervisory officer had any questions about what was done or not done or had any questions regarding it, he would individually ask those officers. The report would be signed by not only the officer but the supervisor.

And it would be retained. There was a specific retention period for daily duty reports. I'm familiar --

- Q. What was that retention period?
- A. I'd be speculating.

- Q. You don't know what the retention period was?
- A. I do not specifically know for certain what that retention period was.
- Q. Where were those reports, those daily duty reports retained?
- A. I believe they were -- at the district level, the patrol level, they were kept at the neighborhood police district in which the officer was assigned. And other functions were retained within the Detective Bureau or other units that were being operated within the City of Cleveland. And again, there was a lot of units in operation.
- Q. So for example, homicide detective wrote a daily duty report, would that daily duty report be retained in the Homicide Unit or would it be retained in the Detective Bureau?
- A. You know, I can't remember where specifically it was retained. I can't remember for the Homicide Unit.

 I do not know.
- I shouldn't say I can't remember, I do not know where it was retained.
- Q. With respect to the retention period, I know you said that you don't exactly know. But do you have a rough idea or general idea how long that retention period was?

1 notes from that notebook or memorandum book to a case 2 file, correct? 3 There really was no need to. Α. 4 Q. But there was no rule or policy that required 5 that, right? 6 Α. No, there was not. 7 And there was no requirement in any rule or Q. 8 policy to communicate all of the information in the 9 memorandum book or the notebook to fellow detectives, 10 supervisors or other officers, correct? 11 MS. BOOP: Objection. Assumes facts not in 12 Mischaracterizes prior testimony. 13 Α. The information contained within a notebook or 14 memorandum book was used as the foundation to refresh an 15 officer so that when they completed their official 16 report, prior to reporting off duty, that it was 17 complete and accurate. 18 Are you reading something right now to answer 19 that question? 20 No. Α. 21 That's just straight out of your head? Q. No? 22 Okay --23 MS. BOOP: Just for the record, he is 24 holding the manual about which you are asking him

questions.

25

He's holding exhibit --

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- A. Rule 85.
- Q. Okay. Wonderful. So then there was no rule or policy though, right, that dictated that officers must report, communicate all the information contained in their notebook or their memorandum book to their fellow officers, detectives, supervisors, or others, correct?
- MS. BOOP: Same objection as the previous objection.
- A. Detectives were required and mandated to complete and update in a form generally of a supplemental report containing all of the evidence and information that came to their attention and submit that to the supervisory officer before they reported off duty.
- Q. It is true that not all notes contained in the notebook or the memoranda were always recorded in supplemental reports, correct?

MS. BOOP: Objection.

MR. CALDERONE: Objection. Foundation.

- 19 | Calls for speculation.
 - A. All the information prepared in a report submitted by an officer was mandated to be truthful and un-bias.
 - Q. That's not my question. So in your experience as an officer in the Cleveland Police Department, all the way up to the time when you were chief, you are aware of

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1
    officers who had notebooks and memoranda books, right?
2
       Α.
           Yes, I did.
3
           And of course, you even had one yourself at some
       Ο.
4
    points, right?
5
           As a young police officer, I did.
       Α.
6
           And it is true that not every single piece of
       Q.
7
    information that was written into your notebook made it
8
    into a report, correct?
9
           I believe that there was some information that I
       Α.
10
    would write in my notebook that would not be included
11
    within an official report and something along the lines
12
    don't forget a memo, personal note to myself as a
13
    reminder to do something in my personal life. And that
14
    would not be, of course, included within an official
15
    report.
16
                MS. GREENE:
                              Okay. All right.
                                                  I would like
17
    to move on from this manual to a different document.
18
                And Jasmin, if you could please provide Mr.
19
    Flask with what was previously marked as Exhibit 2.
20
                            I think we have it here.
                MS. BOOP:
21
                              I'll share it on the screen as
                MS. GREENE:
22
    well.
23
                MS. BOOP:
                            Can we take a quick break?
24
```

going to go get clips.

MS. GREENE:

Can we -- let's -- first of

would be presented to the prosecutor. The prosecutor would have an opportunity to review all the evidence and make the determination of what may be exculpatory and which may be not, under rules established by the Court.

The policemen and detectives were, for the most part, not attorneys. So that decision clearly rests in the hands of the prosecutor. Again, the policemen were required and mandated to collect and document all information, communication, statements, and information that came to their attention, include that within that report and included that within the file.

Q. Was there any policy or other written guidance or rule, any other written material that define for officers what "evidence favorable to the defendant" meant in the 70s?

MR. CALDERONE: Objection. Foundation. Form of the question.

Go ahead.

A. Certainly was some training that was provided to officers in the Cleveland Division of Police, both supplemental and other communications that was provided to them, external to the general police orders, unconstitutional law, Rules of Evidence, and so forth. So I think most police --

Q. So Mr. --

```
1
                MS. GREENE:
                              Hang on.
                                        Let him finish.
2
           -- officers had an understanding of what
    constituted Brady, versus Maryland constitutional
3
4
    issues.
5
           But, again, the officer's responsibility was
6
    pretty clear.
                   They were mandated to collect all
7
    information and present it and make an integral part of
8
    the case file, which ultimately is to the prosecutor for
9
    review.
10
           My question to you is, is there any written
11
    guidance, policy, rule, that defines for officers what
12
    "evidence favorable to the defendant" was?
13
                            Objection. I think he answered
                MS. BOOP:
14
    the question.
15
                Go ahead.
16
                MR. CALDERONE: Objection. Foundation as
17
    well.
18
           I do not recall any specific policy that
19
    identifies specifically what constituted exculpatory
20
    evidence.
               I do not remember any specific policy or
21
    order, other than that which is contained in General
22
    Police Order 19.73.
23
           You said 1973?
       0.
24
                MS. BOOP: Yes.
                                  That's what he said.
25
                MS. GREENE:
                              Okay.
                                     Thank you.
```

```
1
                All right.
                             I would like to turn to GPO
2
    33-70, which is on the page -- there are two Bates stamp
3
              One is Supplemental Production 1847.
4
    bottom right, it also says CLE 3159.
5
                MS. BOOP:
                            Let me find it.
6
                THE WITNESS:
                               Okay.
7
                MS. BOOP:
                            Are you referring to CLE 3159,
8
    Supplemental 1847?
9
                MS. GREENE:
                              Yes.
                                    That is what I said.
10
                MS. BOOP: I know. By the time I find it, I
11
    forget it.
12
                              It's on the screen, too, for
                MS. GREENE:
13
    reference.
14
                MS. BOOP: Yeah. But it's, like, really
15
    small.
16
                MS. GREENE:
                              Okay. If you need me to zoom
17
    in, let me know.
18
           It's GPO 33-70 that we are looking at on this
       Q.
19
    page.
           It addresses the field training program, correct?
20
       Α.
           That's correct.
21
           What did the field training program consist of in
       0.
22
    the 70s?
23
           Classroom training, certification, and
24
    evaluations. The field training officer had the
25
    responsibility to evaluate the performance of
```

- A. Other than the direction provided within the manual here, I'm not aware of any other instructions being given.
- Q. Okay. Well, in any case, this section 3.87 obligates detectives, including those in the Homicide Unit, to investigate every lead until it's been proved valueless or nothing further can be done, correct?
 - A. Yes, it does.
- Q. And in a situation where a suspect has an alibi but that alibi is later proven to not cover the full time period within which the crime might have been committed, then that suspect lead has not reached the stage of becoming valueless or nothing further can be done, correct?
- MS. BOOP: Objection to the form of the question.
- A. You're asking me to speculate on a specific investigative process, and I can't do that. Detectives are --
 - Q. Well --
- A. Detectives are, in fact, mandated to follow through and identify any prospective lead. And that's clearly identified within the order, itself.
- Q. So in your experience, when you were doing detective work, you had a suspect or that suspect had an

alibi. And you later learned that the window of time in which the crime was committed was not fully covered by that alibi, you would not consider that suspect lead to have reached the stage of valueless, correct?

MS. BOOP: Objection.

A. It would mandate that the investigating officers complete a supplemental report, give it to the supervisor included with the case file, all the way to the prosecutor, who can, as part of the investigatory process after the individual is charged, continue the investigation.

As I stated before, it's routine for a prosecutor to meet with an investigating officers to flesh out any information necessary to successfully conduct a case or proceed with a case.

Q. So in that circumstance, though, a report should have been written by the detective when he learned that the alibi didn't cover the full window of time during which the crime might have been committed, correct?

MS. BOOP: Objection.

- A. Again, detectives are required to include all information within their supplemental reports. Anything that --
 - O. And --
 - A. Anything that comes to their attention should be

included within a supplemental report and included within the case file.

Q. Okay. And that circumstance that we've discussed would not constitute the circumstance where nothing further can be done with that suspect lead, right?

MS. BOOP: Objection.

MR. CALDERONE: Objection. Form.

A. I don't understand the question.

MR. CALDERONE: Good. Neither do I.

Q. Sure. Where a suspect in a case presents an alibi and you, as an officer, learns later on that the alibi doesn't cover the whole window of time during which the crime might have been committed, that suspect lead has not reached -- become a lead where nothing further can be done, correct?

MS. BOOP: Objection. Form of the question.

Assumes facts not in evidence. Calls for speculation.

You can answer.

MR. CALDERONE: Objection. Asked and answered.

A. You know, detectives are mandated to prepare a report that any information that comes to light, any information they learn, every communication, every statement, every bit of evidence that they acquired during the course of the investigation can and should

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1
    be, and mandated to be -- I shouldn't say "can" or
2
    "should be." It's mandated to be included within the
3
    investigative file.
4
           That information would be presented to the
5
                 The prosecutor, again, as the investigation
6
    moves forward toward the potential trial, the prosecutor
7
    has, in fact, an opportunity to meet with the officers,
8
    and routinely meets with the officers, to further
9
    question the officers in what information was available,
10
    what -- in the prosecutor's mind, what additional
11
    information should be included, additional statements
12
    that might be taken, additional inquiries that could and
13
    should be made by investigators to ensure that when the
14
    case is actually ready for trial, that all of the
15
    evidence is available to the prosecutor.
16
                MS. GREENE:
                              Okay. I'd like to take a brief
17
    break off the record.
18
                THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're off the record at
19
    3:22.
20
21
                 (Off the record.)
22
23
                THE VIDEOGRAPHER:
                                    Back on the record at
24
    3:33.
25
                MS. BOOP:
                            Okay.
```

```
1
    But the tabs are very detailed and very impressive.
                                                           But
2
    it's just a matter of going through the tabs.
3
                Do you have a clean copy? Do you have a
4
    Bates number?
5
                MR. CALDERONE:
                                 Yeah, Jacqueline, does your
6
    first page of that document begin with the M-13 at the
7
    top.
8
                              Begins with M-24. It's an
                MS. GREENE:
9
    excerpt.
              Page 23 of the document.
10
                                 I have that page here,
                MR. CALDERONE:
11
    begins with page 23.
12
                MS. BOOP:
                            Where does it end?
13
                MS. GREENE:
                              Yeah.
14
                MR. CALDERONE:
                                 Where does your exhibit end?
15
                MS. GREENE:
                              On page 24. It's just those
16
    two pages.
17
                            Do you have a lot of questions
                MS. BOOP:
18
    about it that will require him to look at it?
19
                MS. GREENE:
                              No.
20
                MS. BOOP: Let's give it a shot. And if we
21
    have to look at it, I'll make a copy.
22
           I'm showing you what's been marked as Exhibit 35.
23
    And my question to you is, you'll see in the middle of
24
    page 23 of this exhibit, Memorandum 25, April 13, 1961,
25
    Subject Re-issue Memorandum 2660, April 14, 1960, to all
```

```
1
    members of the department.
2
           Do you see that memorandum?
3
                MS. BOOP: Can you read it, or do you want
4
    me to make you a copy?
5
                 I'm going to make a copy real guick.
6
                MS. GREENE:
                              Okay. Well, okay, let's go off
7
    the record.
8
                 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 4:23.
9
10
                 (Off the record.)
11
12
                 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record
13
    at 4:28.
14
                MS. GREENE:
                              Okay. Thank you.
15
    BY MS. GREENE:
16
           Okay. So we've just handed to you what's been
17
    marked as Exhibit 35. I would like to direct you,
18
    please, to the April 13, 1961 memorandum on page 23 of
19
    the exhibit, and ask if you've ever seen this before?
20
           I did see this, a copy of this document last
       Α.
21
    week.
22
           Okay. And do you know -- the effective date of
       Q.
23
    this memorandum was April 13, 1961, correct?
24
           It appears to be an M-25, dated April 13, 1961.
       Α.
25
    The subject, specifically, Re-Issue a Memorandum From
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1 | 1960 to All Members of the Department.

- Q. Okay. And so this references obligations of officers with respect to subpoenas, correct?
- MS. BOOP: Objection. Mischaracterizes the document.
 - Q. That's correct, sir?
 - A. Yes, it is.
 - Q. Okay. And do you know whether officers in the department were ever trained with respect to the content of this memorandum?
 - A. Well, like other orders that are issued by the chief of police to the officers of the Division of Police, failure to comply with this order would, in fact, result in some sanctions to the individual police officer. But --
 - O. But no formal --
 - A. -- whether or not a specific training was actually provided, this would have been information that would have been shared at rollcalls, a memorandum was given to the individual officers, and may be discussed. But whether or not there was any training on this memorandum, I do not know.
 - Q. Okay. Okay. We're going to talk about topic 2, please in the Notice, of Exhibit 23.
 - Before we get into what the notice states, I

would like for you to generally, please describe for me officer and detective training in the 1970s in brief.

(Court reporter requested clarification.)

- Q. Please describe for me officer and detective training in the 1970s in brief.
- A. All officers of the Cleveland Division of Police, once they were selected and met the minimum qualifications for appointment to the Division of Police, were required to undergo a training curriculum that was established by State Attorney General's office, actually the Ohio Peace Officer Training Commission.

The Ohio Peace Officer Training Commission set forth the minimum training requirements, the topical areas that were included in the training, and the number of hours of training that were required of all the individual officers.

During the training itself, officers were expected to be alert, learn, and were routinely tested during a program to ensure that they were meeting the goals of being informed. If they were successful in completing the training program and passed the final examination, the Division of Police would notify the attorney general's office, the Ohio Peace Officer

Training Council, under the attorney general, that the officer themselves had met the minimum qualifications for appointment as a police officer in the State of Ohio.

That was the minimum training, classroom training

that was provided to officers in the police academy. Following the police academy, all officers were assigned to specific duties in the Division of Police.

Generally, almost exclusively, they were assigned to patrol activities out in neighborhoods in the City of Cleveland. They were under the direct supervision or control of a field training officer who evaluated that individual.

Those training officers had gone through a training program themselves to ensure that they could provide the necessary training to ensure success of that individual officer. Those new officers were evaluated on a regular basis. And, in fact, the training officers themselves were evaluated every six months by their supervisors to ensure they were doing a good job with the new police officer, the new recruit.

That was the minimum training that applied to officers. It was other training that was provided. And I remember specifically in 1974, there was a 40 hour mandatory in-service training program for all officers

in the Division of Police, including supervisors on the Ohio Revised Code Rules of Criminal Procedure and some constitutional law issues. Those -- that training was mandated by state attorney general and the state.

And I say the state attorney general. Might have been the Ohio Peace Officer Training Commission or the attorney general. But it was state mandated training.

So that notice went out to all the officer in the Division of Police in 1974, that they were all required to undergo an additional 40 hours of classroom training to ensure that they understand the new criminal code, Rules of Evidence, and criminal procedures, and constitutional law.

Again, as I articulated earlier, there was lots of other training that was provided to officers during the course of their duties or responsibilities, beyond classroom, beyond the ride-along. Again, training was provided to officers on a daily basis. At rollcall, feedback, duty reports, questions, report review, the training was continuous then. And that hasn't changed, other than the amount of hours that the officers had to undergo through basic training has changed.

It was originally established at about 120 hours. It rose to about 240 hours in some time around 1972 or 1973. Currently, as of 2020, it's 737 hours.

```
1
           So there was -- the training -- the volume in the
2
    level of training provided to police officers have
 3
    continued.
 4
           And again, training had to do with -- discipline
 5
    is part of training. Ensuring that people do what they
 6
    are supposed to do is part of training. Daily review
 7
    and reports and documentation that officers provide is
 8
    part of training. Feedback is part of training.
 9
    Accolades and awards and award recognition is part of
10
    training. As is, obviously, disciplinary training, as I
11
    had stated before. So training is and was a continuous
12
    process within the Division of Police.
13
                MS. GREENE:
                              Can you please pull the
14
    document titled Source Document for Police Training.
15
    I'd like to mark that as Exhibit 36.
16
                MR. CALDERONE: Give us one minute to find
17
    this here.
18
                              It will say "Source document of
                MS. GREENE:
19
    police training" on the tab.
20
                MS. BOOP: We found it.
21
                MS. GREENE: Great.
                                      Thank you.
22
                MR. CALDERONE: You want to give me the
23
    Bates stamp range?
24
                MS. GREENE: Just pull the whole thing, Ken,
25
    please.
```

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1
                MS. BOOP:
                            The whole tab.
2
                 MR. CALDERONE: Well, it's not really --
3
           So that's -- let me pull it out of the binder
    okay.
4
    here.
           Clip it.
5
                MS. BOOP:
                            Do you want to mark it?
 6
                MS. GREENE: So this document that we are
7
    marking as Exhibit 35[sic] --
8
                 THE COURT REPORTER: I believe this is 36.
9
                MS. GREENE: Thank you.
                                          36.
10
                 So this document marked as Exhibit 36 should
11
    start with the Bates stamp -- there are two sets on this
12
               The first page is Supplemental Production
    document.
13
           It's also stamped as CLE 2589. And runs through
14
    SUPP PROD 4587 and is also stamped CLE 2886.
15
16
                 (Thereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 36 was
17
                 marked for purposes of identification.)
18
19
           Have you ever seen this document before,
20
    Mr. Flask?
21
       Α.
           Yes, I have.
22
       Q.
           And this is a curriculum for OPOTA police
23
    training, correct?
24
           Yes, it is.
       Α.
25
           Was this document used for training of Cleveland
       0.
```

broad and compound nature of that question.

You can go ahead and answer to the best of your ability.

A. Detectives were, in fact, again, mandated to prepare and complete their reports in a truthful and un-bias manner, submit those reports to a supervisory officer who would review those reports and incorporate those reports within a case file that was under the control of a supervisor in the Homicide Unit.

All those case files and all the information contained within those files was transported, transferred to the county prosecutor's office, where if there was any exculpatory information that was contained within that file, would be had the responsibility -- would be the responsibility of the county prosecutor to disclose any potential exculpatory information or exculpatory information.

- Q. Are you aware of any specific training provided by the CPD to its officers on topic 2-F?
 - A. Other than -- sorry.

MS. BOOP: Same objection.

- A. Other than that which is mandated in the policies and procedures of the Division of Police, I'm not aware of any specific training.
 - Q. Okay. Are you aware of any specific training

provided by the CPD to its officers concerning topic 2-G, offering or facilitating false testimony?

MS. BOOP: Objection. Assumes facts not in evidence. Same objection to the previous topic.

A. Officers are mandated to be truthful and un-bias, offer testimony in court to their supervisors and to the community that is truthful. Violation of that is not only a violation of -- failure to do that is not only a violation of Manual of Rules and Regulations and city policies, but potentially in the manner in which it's given could result of the officer being charged with a criminal offense.

Officers are mandated to follow the laws in the State of Ohio, United States, and the ordinances and charter of the City of Cleveland.

- Q. Okay. Are you aware of any specific training by CPD to its officers on that topic 2-G?
- A. Other than that which is required and mandated in the Manual Rules and Regulations and Policies, I'm not aware of any specific training that was offered to the officers.
- Q. Okay. And then the same question with respect to topic 2-H.

Are you aware of any specific training by CPD to its officers concerning discipline, training and

supervision of its detectives, officers and supervisors?

MS. BOOP: Objection. Compound. Confusing redundant.

Go ahead and answer if you understand.

A. There's really three issues here. And that involves discipline, training, and supervision of the detectives, officers, and supervisors. Currently, there's an organizational structure that powers individuals within the Division of Police. Those are the sergeants, lieutenants, captains and so forth, to provide oversights to the officers and detectives within the Division of Police.

Training is, again, as I articulated earlier, an ongoing, almost daily occurrence, within the ranks of the Division of Police.

In terms of discipline, failure to comply with the Manual of Rules and Regulations and Policies and Procedures of the Division of Police could, and often does, subject an officer to some disciplinary consequences.

- Q. Are you aware of any specific training by the Cleveland Division of Police for its officers on topic 2-H?
- A. Other than that which I've explained, in terms of the consequences to adhere to the policies and

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1
                            Same objection.
                 MS. BOOP:
2
                 You can answer.
3
           Yes, I do.
       Α.
4
                  I would like to show you another document.
       Q.
5
    This is not in the binder because Tim produced it to me
6
    on Friday, on behalf of the City of Cleveland.
7
                            Jacquie, how voluminous is it?
                 MS. BOOP:
8
    Do you think it would be worthwhile printing out it out
9
    and putting it in front of the witness?
10
                 MS. GREENE:
                                      Let's go off the record.
                              Sure.
11
                 THE VIDEOGRAPHER:
                                    We're off the record at
12
    10:54.
13
14
                 (Off the record.)
15
16
                 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record
17
    at 11:10.
18
19
                 (Thereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 43 was
20
                 marked for purposes of identification.)
21
22
    BY MS. GREENE:
23
                   Mr. Flask, you've been handed what's been
       0.
24
    marked as Exhibit 43, which includes documents produced
25
    by the City of Cleveland on Friday[sic] last week.
```

1	And have you seen the contents of Exhibit 43
2	before?
3	A. I have.
4	Q. This is a correspondence course of constitutional
5	law and related GPOs and reading materials; is that
6	right?
7	A. Yes. This is included in some of the documents I
8	had the opportunity to review.
9	Q. Okay. And the documents contained in this
10	exhibit refer to an optional constitutional log
11	correspondence course for Cleveland police, correct?
12	A. The police academy will offer six correspondence
13	courses. One of which was constitutional law for the
14	police officer.
15	Q. And it was an optional course, correct?
16	A. There was not mandatory attendance.
17	Q. Okay. Do you know whether the individual
18	defendants named in this litigation took this course?
19	A. I did have the opportunity to review the
20	personnel files for the defendant officers. And many of
21	the officers took supplemental courses for this
22	training. But I don't recall which ones specifically.
23	But there were supplemental training courses that were
24	attended by the individual officers who are defendants
25	in this matter.

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- Q. Did any of the individual defendants take this course?
 - A. I believe there was at least one.
 - Q. And you don't know which one that was?
 - A. It was either Leo Allen or Hicks, but I don't recall which one specifically.
 - Q. Okay. All training taken by the individual officers would be contained in their personnel files, correct?
 - A. It should be included within their personnel files.
 - Q. And the personnel files would include all of the titles of the programs that those officers took for the training in the Cleveland Police Department, correct?
 - A. Personnel files would be pretty inclusive of investigations, requests, documentation, training, training requests, many times vacations, military service, requests for specific items that were more related to their personnel matters rather than to individual investigations.
 - Q. Okay. For Mr. Comodeca, do you know whether at any time in his employment he was ever investigated by the City of Cleveland?
- A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. For what?

1 A. He was --

MR. CALDERONE: Objection. Foundation.

Relevance.

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- A. During my review of the personnel files, I did observe that Officer Comodeca, back around 1954 or 1955, was involved in a fight, a disturbance of some type that I categorized as a fight that led to disciplinary action being taken against him.
 - Q. And what was the discipline for that?
- A. The chief of police reviewed -- referred the matter to the Director of Public Safety for review and a decision. I believe Officer Comodeca pled guilty to the charges or charge that he violated a Manual of Rules of Regulations to the Division of Police and received a reprimand from the director of public safety.
- Q. Reprimand is just, like, a letter that goes in your personnel file, right?

MS. BOOP: Objection.

You can answer.

- A. It's unclear whether it was a verbal or written. But there was evidence in the file that indicated that the matter went before the Director of Public Safety.

 And that letter from the Director of Public Safety to the chief of police was, in fact, included in the file.
 - Q. And that event involved off-duty conduct,

correct?

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- A. Yes, it did.
- Q. Was he investigated for anything else?
- A. I'm not aware of any other further investigations involving -- none -- if there were any other investigates that may have been conducted or other documentation within his file, but none that led to any disciplinary action.
- Q. And let me ask briefly, none of the individual defendants in this matter attended any detective school from the Cleveland Police, correct?
 - MS. BOOP: Objection.
- You can answer.
- MR. CALDERONE: Objection to foundation.
- A. All received training, but the terminology

 "detective training," I can't specifically address

 whether or not it was detective or some other form of

 instructional training provided by the Division of

 Police.
 - Q. Okay. For Mr. Dugan, do you know whether he was ever investigated by the City of Cleveland?
 - A. Yes. Yes, he was.
- Q. And for what?
- A. He did, in fact, receive disciplinary action around either 1976, 1977, for a sick-leave violation,

that at that time, he violated a rule of the Cleveland
Division of Police that mandated when an officer
reported off sick, he had to stay at his residence
during the time in which he had reported off sick.
Superior officer went to his home and found no evidence
that he was actually at the home. And he faced
disciplinary action for that violation. And did, in

fact, receive a one-day suspension.

- Q. Was Mr. Dugan ever investigated or disciplined by the City of Cleveland for anything else?
- A. Dugan was, in fact, investigated for an alleged assault that took place in the 1950s. And I was able to review the documentation that was prepared by then Lieutenant Edward Lentz, detailing the investigation, itself. The fact that Dugan, along with all of the other officers on his shift within the 3rd Police District, were put into a lineup, where the victim of the assault and one witness had the opportunity to review all of the officers. That investigation was concluded without having any disciplinary action taken against Dugan.
- Q. Was it determined that he had, in fact, engaged in the assault?
- A. There was no evidence to support the allegation that he was.

- responsibility within the Cleveland Police Academy. Delieve it was Lieutenant Reagan, R-E-A-G-A-N, to the best of my memory.
- Q. And you said the chief had the ultimate responsibility for the training in that period?
- A. It was the chief of police's responsibility for the conduct and discipline for all officers within the Division of Police.
- Q. And that included all training of all officers, right?
- A. Organizationally, all officers within the Division of Police, through the chain of command, reports to the chief of police.
- Q. The chief of police was ultimately responsibile for all policies of the police department in the 70s, right?
- A. With the exception of those policies that were based on funding, legislation, and other matters that required either administrative, Director of Public Safety or City Council approval.
- Q. With respect to Exhibits 24 and 25, and the policies contained in those documents, were those policies subject to that approval beyond the chief of police?
 - MS. BOOP: Objection. It's been asked and

answered.

Go ahead.

- A. The chief of police does, in fact, report to the Director of Public Safety who reports to the Mayor of the City of Cleveland. But in terms of the policies contained within the Detective Bureau manual in 1970, the Manual of Rules, and the conduct manual, those generally would have been under the direct supervision or control and authorized by the chief of police.
- Q. Okay. In the 1970s, did the CPD do anything to ensure that its officers would not withhold exculpatory evidence?

MS. BOOP: Objection.

- A. Cleveland police officers had the duty and responsibility to obtain information, complete reports and ensure that those reports, communication, and evidence be included within the investigative files that were under the control, maintenance by a superior officer. So every officer at the Division of Police that was involved in an investigative process, was mandated and required complete reports that were reviewed and included within a case files that were under the control of the superior officer.
- Q. Has the City ever received any complaints about officers holding exculpatory evidence?

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1
                MS. BOOP:
                            Objection.
2
                You can answer.
3
                MR. CALDERONE:
                                Objection.
                                              Scope.
4
    Foundation.
5
           I'm not personally aware of any specific
6
    complaint where an officer withheld exculpatory
7
               Because all evidence, all reports,
    evidence.
8
    communications, documentation and communication is
9
    required to be obtained within the investigatory file
10
    presented to a prosecutor. The prosecutor makes the
11
    determination what constitutes exculpatory evidence.
12
           In the 1970s, can you identify any instance when
13
    an officer was investigated or disciplined by the City
14
    for failing to disclose exculpatory evidence?
15
                            Objection.
                MS. BOOP:
16
           I'm not personally aware of any incident like
       Α.
17
    that.
18
           Are you aware of any incident like that over the
19
    course of your career with the City of Cleveland?
20
                MS. BOOP:
                            Objection.
21
                You can answer.
22
       Α.
           I'm not aware of any incident like that ever
23
    occurring during my career between 1973 and 2022.
24
           Can you identify an instance where the City
25
    investigated or disciplined an officer for withholding
```

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- Q. Please turn to the next page in Exhibit A. It's
 Bates stamped 4602.
 - And this appears to be a letter, which was dated April 11, 1967, correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. The letter was written by Richard Wagner Chief of Police, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Do you remember Mr. Wagner being the chief of police back in '67?
- 11 A. I do not.
 - Q. Looking at the letter of who it was addressed to it, it identifies Mr. Anson Cook, Executive Director of the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Would you please read the second paragraph of this letter for me.
 - A. "Group A, consisting of 40 patrolmen, roster attached, will receive the complete recruit training course immediately at the Cleveland Police Academy with the completion date of June 30, 1967."
 - Q. And read the next paragraph, please.
 - A. "Groups B and C, rosters attached, will receive 88 hours of intensified training preparatory to street assignment with Group B returning to the police academy

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- on July 1, 1967, and group C on October 1, 1967, for the complete training course."
 - Q. So this letter, as we see it on the document, is a letter from the chief of police in Cleveland to the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, discussing Cleveland Police Academy training, correct?
 - A. And the schedule of training, that is correct.
 - Q. Turn to the next page of Exhibit A.
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. This document, I believe, is Bates stamped Supplemental Production 4603. This appears to be an April 14, 1967 letter from Mr. Cook, the executive director of the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, back to Mr. Wagner, the chief of police in Cleveland, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Would you please read the second paragraph of this letter into the letter.
 - A. "The Cleveland Police Department is to be commended for their progressive program and police training. We wish you continued success."
 - Signed by Anson Cook, Executive Director.
 - Q. Based upon the contents of this letter, it appears that the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council was very satisfied, if not impressed, by the Cleveland

```
1
    Police Department's academy, correct?
2
       Α.
           That's correct.
3
           I would like you to turn to Exhibit B.
       Ο.
4
5
                 (Thereupon, Defendant's Exhibit B was marked
6
                 for purposes of identification.)
7
8
           I'll represent to you that Exhibit B appears to
       Q.
9
    be the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council curriculum
10
    for 1968.
11
            If you look at the first page, which I don't
12
    think you can see it on the Exhibit, but it's actually
13
    Supplemental Production 4795. The first page of this
14
    exhibit, again, says that it's property of the Ohio
15
    Peace Officers Training Council, correct?
16
       Α.
           That's correct.
17
           It references the Cleveland Police Academy,
       0.
18
    correct?
19
       Α.
           Correct.
20
           And the years or the dates are March 4, 1968, to
21
    April 13, 1968, correct?
22
       Α.
           Correct.
23
           And the commander was Captain Pfaff, P-F-A-F-F,
24
    correct?
25
       Α.
           Correct.
```

```
1
           Looking at the basic subjects that were part of
2
    the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, again, if we
3
    look at the first 10 or so subjects, they seem to mimic
4
    the subjects we saw in Exhibit A, correct?
5
                 MS. GREENE:
                               Objection.
6
       Α.
           Yes, they do.
7
                   Looking at those topics though, just to be
       Q.
8
    clear, one of the topics is Role of Law Enforcement,
9
    correct?
10
       Α.
            Correct.
11
           And another topic is Laws of Arrest and Search
       Q.
12
    and Seizure, correct?
13
       Α.
            Correct.
14
           Another is Criminal Law and PR, correct?
       Ο.
15
       Α.
           Correct.
16
            Skipping down a couple, Laws of Evidence,
       0.
17
    correct?
18
       Α.
            Correct.
19
           Court Testimony is another topic which was part
20
    of the curriculum, correct?
21
       Α.
            Correct.
```

Tackla Court Reporting, LLC

Α.

in 1968, correct?

Correct.

22

23

24

25

of the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council curriculum

And, again, Report Writing was a specific topic

- Q. Looking at the bottom of that column, again, this document also references that an examination was given or must be given to all officers going through the academy, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. I'd ask you to turn now to the third page of
 Exhibit B. This is a March 15, 1968 letter from Michael
 Blackwell, Chief of Police in Cleveland, to Mr. Cook,
 the executive director of the Ohio Peace Officers
 Training Council, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. The third paragraph of this letter says, "The original certification requests of the above members were held up at the time of their respective graduations from the Cleveland Police Academy for reasons of having an academic average under 75 percent. However, these members did attain an average above the 70 percent minimum standard, as prescribed by the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council. Therefore, after careful study of the evaluation reports from the various district commanders attesting to the performance ability of the above-named members, it is recommended that they be certified for permanent appointment to the Cleveland Police Department prior to determination of their probationary period, April 1, 1968."

PH: 216.241.3918

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Do you see that?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. This letter that was sent to the Ohio Peace
 Officers Training Council seems to indicate that the
 Cleveland Police Academy had a 75 percent standard that
 it demanded of its officers in the academy, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that 75 percent standard was higher than the minimum 70 percent standard that was required by the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council.
- A. That's correct. It exceeded the minimum scores mandated by the Peace Officers Training Council.
- Q. And I'm going direct your attention to this letter to the second paragraph. It lists out different officers, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And as examples, I want to draw your attention to Detective James Perkins and Patrolman Scott Manley as two officers identified on this sheet.
- I would like you to turn, I believe, two pages further into Exhibit B. And there is a document that is titled Basic Training Certification Record. And it's a certification record of James A. Perkins.
- Do you see that?
- 25 A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. This is a certification that Mr. Perkins has complied with certain topics of the Ohio Peace Officer curriculum, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

MS. GREENE: Objection. Foundation.

Q. One of the topics or items that Officer Perkins was certified on was notebooks.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Could you tell me what that references?
- A. During recruit training program, all officers are required to prepare a notebook, take notes in the police academy so they can refer back to, for study purposes, to prepare them for the final examination.
- Q. And I would ask you to the turn approximately 10 pages past that, to Bates stamped page Supplemental Production 4809.

Are you there?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. This document is labeled Basic Training

 Certification Record. And it's the certification record

 of officer Scott Manley, correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And it indicates that, "I hereby satisfy -- I'm sorry -- "certify that Scott P. Manley has

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- Q. Court Testimony, correct?
- A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. And, again, we see Report Writing, four hours?
- 4 A. That's correct.
 - Q. At the bottom of the page, we see, again, that he the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council required a two-hour examination be given on these topics, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. I'd ask you to turn approximately three pages into this Exhibit C, to the document that is Bates stamped Supplemental Production 4659?
- 12 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And looking at this page, there's two pages.

 This appears to be a letter from the chief of police in

 Cleveland, to Mr. Cook, the executive director of the

 Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. The date of the letter is January 28, 1970, correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. I'm going to ask you to go to the third paragraph of this letter. The letter indicates, "These officers were in session at the academy for a period of 13 weeks of intensive training in a course that conforms with the minimum standard recommendations and requirements of the

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Peace Officers Training Code."

- A. That's correct.
- Q. "The total amount of instructional hours exceeded 500 hours, and included 30 hours in classes on the human and social sciences, 62 hours of firearms training, under both indoor and outdoor conditions."

It says, "District duty orientation was deferred this time in order to expedite training and relieve critical manpower shortages at the district."

Below that, it identifies four officers that were separated from the academy for cause and failure to achieve satisfactory academic and firearm proficiency performances.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. I'd ask you to turn six or seven pages past that, to the page Bates stamped 4670.

Let me know when you're there.

- A. I'm there.
- Q. This appears to be a June 18, 1970 letter, written by Mr. Cook, the executive director of the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, to the chief of police in Cleveland, correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. The first paragraph of that letter indicates,

- "Replying to your letter of June 15th, we wish to advise that the present rules and regulations of the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council provide for minimum of 12 hours of firearms training. We are in the process of upgrading the minimum Peace Officers Training standards from 120 to 240 hours. And this, in turn, will increase the firearms training of a minimum of 26 hours. The new 240-hour program should be in effect on or after January 1, 1971. Your office will be notified of the changes and the minimum mandatory training program prior to the effective date."
- 12 A. That's correct.
 - Q. So this letter seems to indicate that in June of 1970, the Peace Officers Training Council was increasing the minimum hours of training required of officers, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And as we've already noted in these documents, the curriculum required by the Ohio Peace Officers

 Training Council included a specific topic on report writing?
 - A. It did.
- Q. And required officers to pass a written
 examination on all those topics designated in the
 curriculum?

```
1
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
2
           And that was a letter that was sent March 23rd of
       Q.
3
    1973?
4
       Α.
           That's correct.
5
           The first paragraph of this letter indicates,
6
    "This is to advise the Peace Officers Training Council
7
    that an additional 35 officers have been appointed to
8
    this department and are presently assigned to the police
9
              And date of appointment was March 13, 1973.
10
    And the class will be known as the 81st class, Group 3."
11
           The next paragraph reads, "The course of training
12
    will consist of the recommended and required subject
13
    matter, as set forth by the Ohio Peace Officers Training
14
              This information is submitted for the
    Council.
15
    Council's information and records upon successful
16
    completion of training. Certification for these
17
    officers will be requested."
18
           Did I read that correctly?
19
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
20
           If we turn to the next page, March 24, 1973,
21
    letter from the chief of police to the executive
22
    director of the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council,
23
    correct?
24
       Α.
           That's correct.
25
           The second paragraph of that letter says, "These
       Q.
```

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officers were assigned to the academy during the above dates and underwent a course of instruction on police subjects that consisted of 305 hours and was almost nine weeks in duration. This course was modeled after and complied -- I'm sorry.

"This course was modeled after and complied with all requirements of the Ohio Peace Officers Training regulations."

Did I read that correctly?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. So looking at these three documents consisting of the Peace Officers Training curriculum and the letters from the City of Cleveland to the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, it appears that officers were instructed on several topics, including Report Writing as one, correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Federal Civil Rights as another topic, correct?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Police Canons and Ethics, as another topic, correct?
- A. That's correct.
 - Q. And officers who successfully completed the Cleveland Police Academy had to pass a two-hour examination on a curriculum including those topics,

```
1
    correct?
2
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
3
       0.
            I would ask you to look at Exhibit F.
4
5
                 (Thereupon, Defendant's Exhibit F was marked
6
                 for purposes of identification.)
7
8
           Exhibit F is identified also as Supplemental
       Ο.
9
    Production 4647 and is titled, Cleveland Police Academy
10
    Recruit Training Schedule Breakdown.
11
           Do you see that?
12
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
13
           This document seems to indicate the breakdown of
       0.
14
    topics that officers were trained on in the Cleveland
15
    Police Academy, correct?
16
       Α.
           Correct.
17
       Q.
           And the date on the bottom of this document is
18
    1978, correct?
19
       Α.
           That's correct.
20
           The total hours identified on this page for
21
    recruit training included 594 hours, correct?
22
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
23
           If the you turn to the second page of this
24
    document, Bates stamped page 4638. The Cleveland Police
25
    Academy Schedule Breakdown includes several topics,
```

```
1
    it was the standard of training in the Cleveland Police
2
    Academy that required training on proper investigation
 3
    of crimes?
4
           Yes, sir, it did.
       Α.
5
                              Objection. Mischaracterizes
                 MS. GREENE:
6
    evidence.
7
           And we know as early as 1973, that the training
       Q.
8
    in the Cleveland Police Academy included, as a standard,
9
    instruction on Federal Civil Rights?
10
       Α.
           It did.
11
                 MS. GREENE:
                              Objection. Mischaracterizes
12
    evidence.
                Speculation.
13
           I would like you to turn to Exhibit G.
       Q.
14
15
                 (Thereupon, Defendant's Exhibit G was marked
16
                 for purposes of identification.)
17
18
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
19
           Exhibit G, again, seems to be a curriculum of the
20
    Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, correct?
21
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
22
           And if you look at the document at the top, it's
23
    headed or titled Ohio Peace Officers Training Council.
24
    And the academy identified on this document is what?
25
           Cleveland Police Academy.
       Α.
```

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21

- Q. And the years addressed on this document is October 29, 1979, to February 22, of 1980, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And if we look at the basic subjects of curriculum required by the Ohio Peace Officers Training Council, on this page, we continue to see one of the subjects being Role of Law Enforcement, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Police Canons and Ethics were another required topic of training, correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- Q. Laws of Arrest were another topic of training,
 correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- Q. If you go down a couple, Lineups was another required topic of instruction?
- 17 A. That's correct.
 - Q. Below that, Rules of Evidence was a topic of instruction required, correct?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Searches and Seizures was another topic of instruction?
- 23 | A. Yes, sir.
- Q. If you go down a couple more, Federal of Civil
 Rights continued to be a mandatory topic of instruction

```
1
    in the academy, correct?
2
       Α.
           Correct.
3
           Below that, Law Enforcement and Civil Liberties
       0.
4
    was an additional topic of mandatory instruction,
5
    correct?
6
       Α.
           Yes.
7
           And if you go down three or four below that, we
       0.
8
    still have Report Writing as a mandatory topic of
9
    instruction in the academy as required by the Ohio
10
    Police Officers Training Council, correct?
           It did.
11
       Α.
12
       0.
           I'd ask you to turn to Exhibit H.
13
14
                 (Thereupon, Defendant's Exhibit H was marked
15
                 for purposes of identification.)
16
17
           You were asked questions or you testified in your
18
    deposition about probationary patrolmen going through
19
    field training, correct?
20
       Α.
            I did.
21
           If we look at Exhibit H, it's Bates stamped
22
    Supplemental Production 4892.
23
           Do you see that?
24
       Α.
            I do.
25
           And this appears to be a departmental memorandum
       Q.
```

```
1
    numbered 70-21, correct?
2
       Α.
           Yes.
3
           Did and the date is January 26, 1970?
4
       Α.
           That's correct.
5
           And the subject of this department memorandum was
       0.
6
    Assignment of Probationary Patrolman With Training
7
    Coaches, correct?
8
           That's correct.
       Α.
9
           The memo states that, "Each of the six districts
       Q.
10
    has 15 patrolmen who received training and are qualified
11
                         Their purpose is to continue the
    as coach trainers.
12
    training of graduate, probationary patrolmen during the
13
    first year of their on-street assignment."
14
           Did I read that correctly?
15
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
16
           If you turn to the next page of Exhibit H,
17
    beginning on Supplemental Production Bates number 4893,
18
    this is a general police order that was in effect in
19
    September of 1970, correct?
20
           Yes, sir.
       Α.
21
           And the GPO number is 33-70?
       Q.
22
           Yes, sir.
       Α.
23
           And says, "Responsibilities and operational and
24
    assignment procedures of the field training program."
25
           Correct?
```

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Under the heading of A, this police order identifies the procedures or responsibilities of the field training officer, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And item A-4 indicates that, "The training officer shall provide instruction on, A, police vehicle operation, B, operational procedures."

Now let me stop there.

What are operational procedures?

- A. The general police orders and divisional notices that have been issued by the chief to ensure that they are complying with established policy, completing reports in a proper manner, operating the safe and appropriate manner while they are out there doing their duties and responsibilities. Which is three of the broad topics for Operational Procedures.
- Q. If we look in this general order, under A-5, it indicates that, "Field training officers shall examine and initial all reports prepared by the trainee."

What is that referring to?

A. Well, generally, that would include the zone car duty report that was completed every day during the first year of training. The officers generally prepared the reports so they would learn how to prepare reports

- appropriately. Any reports that were submitted by the new probationary officer would be initialed by the training officer.
 - Q. And would some of those reports include Form 1s?
- A. Form 1s, Form 10s, any other supplemental report that was required to be completed during the performance of their duties.
- Q. Looking at item A-6, under GPO 33-70, indicates that, "Field training officers shall submit periodic performance-rating reports."

What are those?

- A. On a regular basis, I believe it was every 90 days, the field training officer was mandated and required to submit a progress report on the performance of the new probationary officer to ensure -- to identify any strengths or weaknesses is that may require retraining.
- Q. Finally, if you turn to the next page of this GPO, under item A-7, it says, "The field training officer's duties, which require extra duty -- open paren, OT, closed paren -- such as an examination and preparation of reports shall be credited in accord with standard overtime procedures."

What is that referencing?

A. You know, if a field training officer was

```
1
    required to work beyond his normal work hours to
2
    finalize evaluations or reports that were necessary for
3
    his oversight of the probationary officer, the training
4
    officer would, in fact, be entitled to overtime
5
    compensation.
6
       0.
           I'd like to turn your attention to Exhibit I.
7
    I've marked three different documents here. The first
8
    page being I-1.
9
10
                 (Thereupon, Defendant's Exhibit I-1 was
11
                 marked for purposes of identification.)
12
13
           This document is titled a the top, New Appointee
14
    Progress Report.
15
           Do you recognize this report?
16
           It's an earlier version of an evaluation report.
       Α.
17
           And it's --
       Q.
18
       Α.
           But I do -- I have seen these in the past.
19
           This evaluation report has a date of 1967,
       Q.
20
    correct?
21
       Α.
           That's correct.
22
           And among the topics that officers were evaluated
       0.
23
    on as designated on this form, was the quality of their
24
    work, correct?
25
           That's correct.
       Α.
```

```
1
           And the form references, under the quality of the
2
    work their, their thoroughness, neatness, and accuracy,
3
    correct?
4
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
5
           Also, another category that officers were
6
    evaluated on at that time is under the heading of
7
    Character and Habits, correct?
8
           That's correct.
       Α.
9
           And one of the items that was evaluated under
       0.
10
    that heading was whether the officer was following
11
    policies and instructions?
12
           That's correct.
       Α.
13
           And the reference of policies and instructions
       Q.
14
    refers to what?
15
           General police orders, divisional notice, Manual
       Α.
16
    Rules of Regulation, Civil Service, Ohio Revised Code,
17
    ordinances of the City of Cleveland.
18
           Looking at Exhibit I-2, we have another Cleveland
       Q.
19
    Police Department performance rating form that
20
    references a particular officer.
21
22
                 (Thereupon, Defendant's Exhibit I-2 was
23
                 marked for purposes of identification.)
24
25
           Do you see that?
       Q.
```

6

- 1 A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. The date on this document is 1978, correct?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Looking at this form, we still see that officers
 were evaluated on the quality of their work, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And under the heading of quality of their work,
 they were specifically evaluated on knowledge of their
 duties, correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. Thoroughness of their work, correct?
- 12 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And the ability to make reports, correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- Q. And compliance with departmental policies and directives, correct?
- A. Correct.
- 18 Q. And preparation of court cases?
- 19 A. Correct.
- Q. And presentation of court cases?
- 21 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. If we look at the last page of Exhibit I-2, we
 see yet another Cleveland Police Department performance
 rating checklist that was used of officers, correct?

PH: 216.241.3918

A. That's correct.

```
1
           The date on this document is January '77 to April
2
    of '77?
3
       Α.
           That's correct.
4
           If we look at this form for this officer, we
5
    again see that officers were evaluated on the quality of
6
    their work, correct?
7
           Yes, sir.
       Α.
8
                            Just for the record you are
                 MS. BOOP:
9
    referring to Exhibit I-3. I think you said before I-2.
10
                 MR. CALDERONE: Oh, I'm sorry. Yeah.
                                                          I'm
11
    referring to Exhibit I-3.
12
13
                 (Thereupon, Defendant's Exhibit I-3 was
14
                 marked for purposes of identification.)
15
16
           Under the quality of their work, some of the
17
    items that were specifically evaluated of officers
18
    included accuracy of their work, correct?
19
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
20
           Knowledge of their duties was another topic they
21
    were specifically evaluated on, correct?
22
           Yes, sir.
       Α.
23
           Thoroughness of their work, correct?
       0.
24
       Α.
           Yes, sir.
25
           And compliance with departmental policies and
       Q.
```

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directives, correct?

- A. Correct.
- Q. Considering the information we see on Exhibit H, which is the Field Training Program, and Exhibit I, which is the sample evaluation reports of police officers, was it the fact back in 1974 and 1975, and before 1974 and 1975, that officers were evaluated on the thoroughness of their work?
 - A. Yes, they were.
- Q. And by thoroughness of their work, we are referring to the officers' ability to make reports?
- A. Ability. Accurately. And the submission in a proper manner.
- Q. And in the quality of their work, officers were evaluated, in 1974 and before, on whether or not they complied with departmental policy and directives?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. I want to turn back to Exhibit 36 for one moment.

 And I want to ask you about some of the specific training requirements in Exhibit 36.
- First, I'd ask you to turn to page 130 of this book paginated page 130. The topic in the Source Document For Police Training, identified on page 130 in Exhibit 36, is Report Writing, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. If we look at the second paragraph under Introduction, it says, quite literally, "The success of the police operation depends upon the quality of your reports and your ability to write effectively. We rely on written reports to relay information to our superiors, coworkers, the courts, and numerous other agencies. We use them to train personnel to get people to follow procedures and policies."
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. A few moments ago, I asked you questions about the field training program and the evaluation of officers in the City of Cleveland.

Was the standard that we see in Exhibit 36, that emphasizes the accuracy and completeness of reports, the same standard that Cleveland police officers were required to follow back in the 1970s?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Were Cleveland police officers trained in the 1970s to write quality, complete reports to the best of their ability?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. I would like to look back on Exhibit 36, on page 130, on that same page. Under Roman numeral 1-A, it says, "Basic definition, a report is an official or formal statement of fact or proceedings, which relays

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information in a manner so presented as to put the reader in the same position relative to the facts as is the one originating information."

Exhibit 36 provides that basic definition of the word "report," correct?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Was that the same standard that the City of Cleveland Police Department used as the definition of "report"?
- A. Yes, it was.
- Q. And in the 1970s, were police officers for the City of Cleveland trained on that standard as the definition of the word "report"?
- A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Going back to page 130 of Exhibit 36, under 1-B, it says, "Investigative report. And investigative report is a written narrative containing the facts and findings learned during the course of an investigation. It is a means of communications used by an investigator to inform those who are interested in his work of his progress and of his findings."
 - Did I read that accurately?
- A. Yes, sir, you did.
 - Q. That was the standard in Exhibit 36, the Source Document For Police Training in Ohio, as to the

- definition of an investigative report, correct?

 A. That's correct.

 Q. Was that the same standard that the City of

 Cleveland Police Department complied with as the

 definition of "investigative report"?
 - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. And were police officers in the City of Cleveland in the 1970s trained on that definition of an investigative report?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. I'd like you to turn to page 131 of Exhibit 36.
- 12 This is still in the chapter of Report Writing, correct?
- 13 A. That's correct.
 - Q. Roman numeral 3 on page 131, in the chapter of Report Writing identifies Uses of Reports in Police Operations, correct?
- 17 A. That's correct.
 - Q. According to Exhibit 36, one use of the police report is to aid in police administration, correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- Q. Another use is to aid in effective police record systems, correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. Another use of reports is to aid better police supervision, correct?

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- 1 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Looking at those three uses of reports in Exhibit 36, were these also standards that the City of Cleveland Police Department trained its officers on for the use of reports by the Cleveland Police Department?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Under letter C on page 131, it identifies one of the uses of the report is to aid in better police supervision.

And under that topic it says, "By reviewing the officer's work, the supervisor is able to detect if the case has been mismanaged."

And if you look two numbers before that, it says, Errors of omission and commission can be detected."

Now that identifies standards for supervisors -I should say police supervisors, in reviewing reports,
correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Was this the same standard of expectation of police supervisors that the City of Cleveland Police Department had in the 1970s, particularly, 1974 and 1975?
- A. Absolutely.
 - Q. And did the Cleveland Police Department provide training to officers on these standards of supervision

of files, with respect to reports?

- A. It did.
- Q. I'd ask you to turn to page 132, still under the chapter of Report Writing in Exhibit 36.

Another use of police reports identified in Exhibit 36 is that they aid to the over all police operations.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And one of the items that it specifically lists there is under D-4, "The individual officer is part of a team. Unless the information he possesses is available to others, it is useless as no one else can take proper action. Information obtained in the officer's memory or personal notebook is meaningless from a record standpoint."

And the next number says, "A progress or follow-up report is one method from which an officer is able to share his information with others and preserve the continuity of an investigation."

And the next number says, "If for some reason an officer is unable to complete his assignment, proper documentation of the work already performed will permit another officer to assume the case with little need to backtrack or duplicate the efforts already completed."

1 Did I read those standards correctly, under Aid 2 to Overall Police Operations? 3 Α. You did. 4 Now those are standards that are set forth in 5 Exhibit 36. Were those standard also the standards that 6 were put into operation and enforced by the Cleveland 7 Police Department in the 1970s? 8 Α. They were. And particularly, were they in effect in 1974 and 9 Ο. 10 1975? 11 Α. They were. 12 Were Cleveland police officers trained on those 13 standards on how to make reports and update them as 14 mandated in that standard? 15 Α. They were. 16 Looking at item E on page 132, one of the other 17 uses of reports is identified as Aid to Outside Police 18 Agencies. 19 Do you see that? 20 I do. Α. 21 And one of the standards under this section says, Q. 22 "Prosecuting attorneys rely on information of police 23 reports to prepare a case and to determine the charges 24 to be placed against a criminal."

Α.

That's correct.

- Q. Back in the 1970s, and in particular 1974 and 1975, was it the standard in the Cleveland Police Department that police officer reports were used and known to be used by prosecutors and preparing cases to determine whether charges should be placed against a criminal defendant?
 - A. They were.
- Q. Were police officers trained back in the 70s and before the 70s that their reports may be utilized by prosecutors to charge and pursue prosecution of suspects?
- A. Yes, they were.
- Q. If you look at page 132, one of the topics identified inspect Exhibit 36 in the chapter of Report Writing is the importance of note taking in report preparation.
 - Do you see that?
- 18 A. I do.
 - Q. Under that topic, it talks about, "Permanency of notes. And it indicates that information committed to memory is soon forgotten. Notes, however, are permanent. A complete and satisfactory report is based upon the quantity and quality of the notes taken during the course of the investigation. Many variables, including ability, training, practice, and effort

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- influence the process of recalling the past."

 Did I read that correctly?
 - A. You did.
 - Q. The standard identified in Exhibit 36, under this section of note taking is a standard that indicates a complete and satisfactory report is based upon an officer's notes, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Was it the standard in the Cleveland Police
 Department in the 1970s, particularly '74 and '75, that
 officers would prepare adequate reports based upon notes
 they took in the field?
 - A. They did.
 - Q. And were officers trained back at that time on taking notes in the field and using those notes to prepare adequate reports?
 - A. They were.
 - Q. One second here. I would like you to turn to page 134 of Exhibit 36. This is another topic of training, under Reports. This topic is titled Fundamentals and Qualities of Good Report Writing.
 - Under B there, I point out that it says, "A written report must be clear, legible, complete, accurate, brief, prompt," correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- you've looked at today. This is a departmental memo lissued April 7, 1972, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And this is the memorandum that offered the constitutional law for police officers, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. The course book that is identified in this memorandum is Constitutional Law For Police, Second Edition, by John C. Klotter.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. I would ask you to turn two pages past in the Exhibit J, and there is a title page of a book, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. The next four pages after that seem to be sections taken from the Constitutional For Police coursebook, by John C. Klotter, correct?
- A. That's correct.
 - Q. Now the second page of Exhibit J is another departmental memorandum that was sent out, or departmental notice, in April 18 of 1972, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And that notice was just telling officers that the deadline for enrolling in this constitutional law course was approaching, correct?

- A. Closing. That's correct.
- Q. I would like to turn to some of the topics in the Constitutional Law For Police coursebook.

If you look at the page that is Bates stamped Supplemental Production 4888, there is a section there numbered 10.18, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. The title of that section is Misconduct of the Prosecutor.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. If you look at the first paragraph below that, it says that, "The office of the public prosecutor in the United States carries a two-fold responsibility. As the state's representative in the adversary proceeding, it is the prosecutor's duty to vindicate wrongs against society and to see that the guilty do not go unpunished. Unlike the defense attorney, however, he is not a wholly partisan figure. Although his ethical obligation as an officer of the court, means some instances conflict with his role as society's avenger, he is under an equally imperative duty to see that those accused of crime receive a fair trial."

Did I read that correctly?

A. You did.

Q. If you turn two pages past that, within section 10.18, there's a paragraph on that page that states, "A closely-related problem arises when the state's attorney, instead of attempting to profit from introduction of false testimony, keeps to himself relevant evidence which might have helped the defendant create a reasonable doubt in the mind of the jury. Here the defect is one of passive omission, rather than active commission. Nevertheless, the net effect is the same. If the state presents evidence pointing to the defendant's guilt without informing him of evidence in its possession which contradicts this is inference, the danger of unfair conviction is equally present."

The next paragraph begins by discussing the case of Brady, versus Maryland.

Do you see that?

- A. I do.
- Q. Instead of reading the whole paragraph, I'm going to go to the middle of that paragraph where this coursebook says, "Consequently, the prosecuting attorney is under a strict disclosure obligation which is not neutralized by showing that he acted in good faith."
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. I want to stop there.

Earlier in the deposition, you were shown a GPO

issued by the Cleveland Police Department incorporating a letter from Prosecutor John Corrigan.

Do you remember that GPO?

- A. I do.
- Q. And in that GPO, Prosecutor Corrigan instructed police officers that they were not to produce documents or any other evidence to a criminal defendant or criminal defense attorney, correct?
- A. Police department are not required, nor shall they. I think those were the exact words.
- Q. And in that police order, which incorporated the instruction from the prosecutor, it also indicated that the prosecutor would be the entity in determining what information would and would not be produced to a criminal defendant, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. I believe after that GPO was implemented, you also testified about mandatory state training that required all police officers to be familiar with the new criminal rules?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And if I recall your testimony correctly, as part of that mandatory state training, police officers in the City of Cleveland were trained that they were disclosed all documents and information to a prosecutor and that